

Reno Evening Gazette.

VOL. V.

RENO. WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1878.

NO. 39.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

One hundred students, suspected of Nihilism, have been arrested and expelled from the Universities of St. Petersburg and Kief.

Gold has been found in the island of New Guinea, and the Australian newspaper demands its immediate annexation by the British government.

The herding camp of W. P. Noble, near Camp Stambaugh, Wyoming, was on the 5th, surprised and robbed by masked men, of all the camp outfit, provisions and thirteen horses.

Hostile Indians are still depredating in the vicinity of Stein Mountain, and the road between Canyon City and Winnemucca is daily becoming more dangerous.

Kearney, on the 7th, spoke in Brooklyn on an audience of 1,000, delivering his New York speech and the same set of resolutions being adopted.

The Treasury Department has directed Customs officers to hereafter rigidly inspect effects brought in inspect effects brought from abroad by our naval vessels, to break up the practice of "innocent" smuggling.

The New York *Herald* says that Nugent & Co., the Newark morocco manufacturers, will sue Kearney for libel.

The Austrians entered Trebinje on the 7th without opposition.

The Albanian insurgents have assassinated the Governor of Ipekia and ten other officials.

The Democrats of the First Congressional District of Texas have nominated J. H. Regan.

The International Congress at Paris for Weights, Measures and Coinage, has adopted a universal standard of

The Republican Congressional Committee will issue President Hayes' Minnesota's speech as a campaign document.

Nehemet, All Pasha, who was at Yocca, sixty-seven miles northeast of Scutari for the purpose of pacifying the Albanians, was called up by a mob of them to lead them against the Austrians. On his refusing to do so, he, with twenty of his suite, was massacred.

The Russians took peaceable possession of Batoum.

The rinderpest is rapidly extending throughout Rumania, through the neglect of the authorities taking precautions to prevent its spread.

The "Gazette's" Hint Taken. (Lyon County Times.)

A few days ago the wit of the Reno GAZETTE, stated that several married women had made enough out of the raise in stocks to be independent of their husbands for life. An illustration of the truth of that assertion is at hand. Mrs. Westell, of Sutro, between whom and her husband the relations had been anything but pleasant for some time past, has made a raise in Sierra Nevada, and declared her independence. A few days ago she informed her husband of her determination, adding that she would take the boys with her and leave him the two girls. Mr. Westell did not make any objection and the separation took place. Mrs. Westell has since put her boys out to board and gone on a trip to California, and Mr. Westell has taken the girls with him to Flowerly district, where he owns a half interest in some sluices.

Vic's Stinginess.

A writer in the London *Mayfair* says that "for sixteen years the English nation has faithfully performed its part of the contract in allowing Her Majesty, as the head of State, a magnificent income—about \$1,925,000 a year—and people of an arithmetical turn of mind want to know what have become of these vast successive annual payments." Beyond an occasional drawing-room reception, State ball, a concert now and then, Queen Victoria spends nothing in State display. This is a well-known and extensively discussed fact. Even these expenditures were suspended during her long retirement, but her income was regularly drawn from the Treasury, and large sums called for to endow her numerous children so soon as they reach the age of maturity or marry. The writer in *Mayfair* concludes with the remark that this grasping and penuriousness of the Queen "tends to bring the Crown into contempt."

Raid on a Mining Camp.

SALT LAKE, September 7.—On Wednesday last, a party of seven men, mounted and well armed, came into the mining camp of Cariboo, Idaho, forty miles from Soda Springs, Idaho, where some twenty or thirty miners were at work in scattered claims. They robbed all of them in detail; also, the store of the camp, took all the good horses with them, shot the poorest ones and left. They got about \$16,000, mostly in gold dust from the miners. It is supposed that this is the same party that lately took up a rail on the Union Pacific at Medicine Bow. The Salmon River, (Idaho) stage was captured by Indians yesterday evening, near Birch Creek Station. The mail and everything else was burned. The driver made his escape and reached Sand Hill Station, near Snake River this morning.

YELLOW FEVER.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 9.—Saturday there were 232 new cases and 77 deaths. Yesterday there were reported 223 cases and 81 deaths.

During the week ending Friday noon, there were 1732 cases of yellow fever and 526 deaths, making in all 4609 cases and 1335 deaths.

Port Eades reports one death and no new cases during the last week.

Morgan City, La., has had 22 cases and 6 deaths.

Grenada, during the week ending on the 6th, had 96 cases and 40 deaths.

Ocean Springs, Miss., for the week ending on the 6th, reports 15 new cases and 5 deaths.

Canton, Miss., has had a total of 150 cases and 30 deaths.

Greenville, Miss., on Saturday had 20 new cases and 5 deaths. Total, 160 cases and 40 deaths.

Port Gibson, up to the 8th, had 79 deaths.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 9.—On Friday last Collector Smith received a communication from the Superintendent of the St. Vincent's Infant Asylum, under the charge of the Sisters of Charity stating that yellow fever had found its way into the asylum and prostrated forty of the little inmates; and stating further that the Sisters have two hundred infants of all nationalities in their charge, and they sadly need food, clothing, and especially blankets. The Collector, on receipt of this, immediately telegraphed to the Secretary of War, who issued an order for 200 blankets.

The situation is terrible beyond description. Three thousand cases of fever have forty physicians. Of these eight have died. Those from the north sicken and die in a few days. No provision house is open in the city and only one hotel.

It seems utterly impossible to secure men enough to bury the dead promptly and to burn infected clothing and disinfected premises. The Mayor has been down for several days. There is but one officer of the city government on his feet, and the Board of Health, on account of sickness of its members, is unable to get a quorum to sell, that is, to do.

At Osburn & Shoemaker's you can buy Cocoa Cream for the hair, at 25c; a bottle, Jockey Club hair oil at 25c, a bottle, Sun Flower hair oil at 37 1/2c, a bottle, Bouquet hair oil at 37 1/2c, a bottle, and Golden Jockey hair oil at 37 1/2c, a bottle. These beautiful preparations are just received from the East and were never before sold in this market. 6-5-1f

L. ABRAMS.

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Buy special attention to Physician's prescription, filling them promptly and accurately. Making my own fluid extracts, elixers etc., I propose to fill prescriptions from medicines of known purity and strength, at as little cost to the consumer as possible. Call at my office for Imperial, Northern, Royal Commercial Union, Queen's Union and Fireman's Fund Insurance Companies—Combined capital and assets, \$70,000,000.

Agents for Imperial, Northern, Royal Commercial Union, Queen's Union and Fireman's Fund Insurance Companies—Combined capital and assets, \$70,000,000.

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Washoe County Official Press.

Published every Evening (Sunday excepted).

BY JOHN F. ALEXANDER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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Three months \$3
One month \$1.50
Dated by carrier in Reno at 50 cents per week.

No paper forwarded by mail unless paid for in advance.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1878

THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

The GAZETTE has opposed the nomination of delegates by candidates because it considers such action a usurpation of the public rights. We have

desired, through a public meeting, to show the motive of such movements, and to set forth the entirely insignificant character of such action on the part of interested candidates. We have

desired in the interest of good government and Republican harmony that every voter should know himself free and independent to choose any man within his party lines to day.

That both duty and privilege should call for intelligent choice, and every man be placed upon his political oath to-day, to do that which is best for his party and country. Some of the candidates have arrayed themselves against the GAZETTE in this matter, and the people have rebuked them.

Last night the Republican party of Reno resolved of its own motion that such nominations by candidates should not in any sense bind the party. While not accusing or impeaching any citizen, the meeting refused positively to endorse any such action on the part of interested parties. The GAZETTE congratulates the people upon this reform. We shall have no more public exhibitions of cheek upon the part of office-seekers. The voter now understands that he is not bound by any interests save that he can and ought to vote for his choice. When another election comes around the candidates will submit their claims to the people, not to push them down the public throat.

We counsel every good Republican to look to his party success to-day. Do as you please. Disregard slates. If you don't like a man, scratch him. If you do, work for him. That's what the candidates are doing, and it is your privilege also. Let Washoe county give an honest vote to-day.

DON'T FORGET IT.

C. C. Powning is not a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor. He does not contradict the assertion that he has withdrawn. Why? Because he knows that the assertion is true. He wants to carry Wright, when he is not able to carry himself. Do you want Mr. Powning to have the county in his pocket to trade with? Acknowledging that he is not a candidate, what else can he do with a State delegation but trade it? Do you want Wright, who dares not come before you in his own person, to corral your votes by proxy?

Wright is not a Judge. Powning is not a candidate. Why give them a delegate? You are working now for success, don't dally with the over-ambitious or incompetent men, who love your party for its perquisites, but vote first and last for strength and harmony. Look well to your ballots and allow no man to make you vote a Powning ticket because it claims to be anti-Wright. The two things will not be found together to-day.

HOW MUCH?

What do you owe the old court-house brigade? How much have they done for you that you have not paid for twice? If you want a party success, will you secure it by nominating men who are tainted with suspicion and are shining marks for Democratic bullets? Have these men royal blood in their veins, that they should be retained at all hazards? Why don't they step down out of gratitude to the party which has given them money and position? Why not show some loyalty as well as greed? Answer these questions for yourselves, don't ask the ring.

THINK OF IT.

If Mr. Powning says he is a candidate, he asserts privately what he was afraid to proclaim this morning in his paper. Why did he hesitate? Because he knew that he dared not contradict our direct charge, and he was not too firmly tied to the ring to desert Judge Wright.

If Mr. Powning asks support, be sure he is a candidate, don't forget to tell him that he is wrong.

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE.

Hon. C. S. Varian is the only candidate who comes honestly before the people to-day as a candidate for District Judge. Opposed to him, is a dummy, in the interests of Judge Wright. The plan is to call the dummy ticket Wright, anti-Wright, or anything else to catch votes. Mr. Varian is, before the people, and does not expect that such contemptible trickery will influence intelligent Republicans. Vote your sentiments, for it concerns your prosperity as citizens of this county.

Don't forget that there is a box at the poll to day, the contents of which will be sent to the yellow fever sufferers. Hasten to this appeal from the stricken South and then put your hand in your pocket and draw it out again with something in it: "In the name of our common country and kindred humanity, we invoke for our stricken, dying and starving people, the charity of those whose homes and loved ones are secure from the pestilence that walketh in darkness and the destruction that wasteth at noonday."

SCRATCH 'EM.

If you want the old court-house ring to stay in power, vote for its avowed champions as delegates. If you want the ring fired out, scratch every ringster you see. The convention, remember, follows the primary, and a foe to your County Treasury in times past will not protect it in the time to come.

TWEEDLE DEE STRICTLY.

You will hear the old Court House Ring blow to-day about their immense devotion to the party in this county. You won't hear them, however, say anything about the immense bills which have been allowed for their immense services.

SETTLE IT.

The opponents of C. S. Varian for the judge ship are saying that he did wrong in heading his ticket anti-Wright. Had they been honest, would not their ticket have read anti-Varian. Review their tactics and make shifts then answer the question.

NAME IT.

How weak is a man who don't dare run a ticket before you, voters, except by proxy. Answer through the polls.

You can not vote for a Powning delegation, because there is none in the field. Mr. Powning in saying that he is a candidate is merely trying to mislead you. Ask him about it.

With abundant opportunity, Mr. Powning does not deny that he is packing Wright. Why suppose him, then?

Mr. Powning is not a candidate. Mr. Wright is. Review the records before you vote for either.

The candidates are scratching like blazes. Why not scratch a little yourself?

Endorse Powning—for what?

Our Finances.

Our exports exceed our imports by \$257,000,000. In three years before the panic our exports were less than our imports by an average of about \$100,000,000 a year, and in the first two years before the panic, compared with the last year, they were \$490,000,000 worse than the last year. In our trade with European nations we were 400,000,000 better in 1878 than in 1872 and 1873. [Applause.] Well, now everybody understands that there is a great deal of discussion among political economists about this balance of trade, and gentlemen will say that it is not so important as many are disposed to consider, but it is a great comfort to know that \$257,000,000 are on our side [applause]; for at last the balance must be paid in cash this way, and hence it happens that I read in a morning paper of to-day that we are a quarter of a cent nearer specific payment than we have been since we suspended. Now if we go over the whole list of important statistics in reference to the public affairs of thirteen years, there has been a good improvement, and although there have not been prosperous times throughout the country, the fact that this improvement is going on and on in regard to the burdens which the people bear, is a fair averaging for the future prospects of every man's daily business. [President Hayes.]

THINK OF IT.

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CONDITION OF CALIFORNIA.

[Sacramento Bee.]

As the time for the State fair approaches the prospects increase for a large gathering and successful exhibition. Quite a number of notable public men, now visiting the State, will be present, including Postmaster-General Key.

The only drawback to the exhibition at present apparent is the possible failure of a fine display of apples and pears from our Sacramento orchards, owing to the prevalence of worms in the fruit.

So much has been said about danger to stock from Glanders horses that it is proper to state that every precaution will be taken to prevent the admission of diseased horses to the city. A committee of examination has been appointed, and great vigilance will be used.

Very little interest was exhibited in the election for Supervisors in various counties of the State last week. In many places the election was allowed to go by default. In Los Angeles there was little opposition to the Workingmen's candidates; in several other counties the Workingmen made no demonstrations, cordially uniting on individuals without regard to party.

The through trains on the Livermore route of the Central Pacific railroad were transferred to the new line Sunday, September 8th, involving some changes in the time tables of this and connecting roads.

Reports of death from diphtheria still continue to come from various portions of the State, but in greatly reduced numbers. It is gradually dying out. The inhabitants of low districts which were under water several months last spring, are suffering from fevers of various kinds, mostly of a typhoid character, but the general health of the State is good; and there can not be any spread of yellow fever. Any cases that may occur are of those who, fleeing from a fever locality, bring the germs of the disease with them. There is no danger whatever of its spread to permanent residents of the State.

The contributions in aid of the destitute and helpless people of Southern cities are swelling to fair proportions throughout the State. Nothing but the extreme stringency of the times prevents an outpouring of treasure approaching that given in aid of the Sanitary Commission during the war.

A Courageous Messenger.

YREKA, Cal., September 7.—Wells, Fargo & Co.'s stage was stopped on Scott Mountain, a few miles south of Yreka, on Friday night, by three masked highwaymen. They demanded the treasure-box, when the messenger, John Reynolds, fired upon the would-be robbers and killed one of them, who was left where he fell.

The other two, evidently thinking discretion the better part of valor, immediately fled, and the stage reached its destination in safety. It is thought that the road agents belong to the gang pardoned out of the State prison by Governor Irwin.

J. B. GUNTHNER,

THE PIONEER SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER OF NEVADA, has just received a new and complete stock of

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Brushes, Robes, Blankets, Whips, Etc., Etc.

Carriage Trimming a Specialty.

All repairing will be done at reasonable rates and on short notice. The undersigned believes that he is well known as a skilled workman in his line, and solicits a continuation of the generous patronage which has always received.

Satisfaction Guaranteed in all cases.

J. B. GUNTHNER, S. J. F. CONDON, Supt. Verdi Mill Co., Verdi, Nevada.

Reno, Sept. 11, 1877.

E. MEYER,

DEALER IN CIGARS AND TOBACCO!

Exclusively.

COMMERCIAL Bldg., RENO, NEV.

(Manning & Duck's Building.)

Meals at all hours, Day or Night.

Dinner from 4 to 7 o'clock P. M. Special accommodations for ladies and families.

7-29 tf

OFFICERS OF THE JOCKEY CLUB:

M. CANAVAN, PRESIDENT.

J. C. STEVENSON, 1ST VICE-PRESIDENT.

J. A. BLOSSOM, 2D VICE-PRESIDENT.

THEO. WINTERS, 3D VICE-PRESIDENT.

J. W. ORNDORFF, 4TH VICE-PRESIDENT.

J. F. ALEXANDER, SECRETARY.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF LUMBER,

Mining and Bridge Timbers

Shingles, Common and Finishing Lumbers, Matched and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Bevel Edge Siding, Rustic Siding, Fancy Pickets.

NEWELL POSTS, BALUSTERS AND TURNINGS—of all descriptions.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Address J. F. CONDON, Supt. Verdi Mill Co., 10-3tf, Verdi, Nevada.

RENO LUMBER YARD.

E. C. MCKINNEY, PROPRIETOR.

DEALER IN SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

Modifications, Rustic Siding, Feather Edge Siding, Dressed Lumber, Door and Window Frames.

BEDSTEADS, CRIBS AND LOUNGES.

Orders Promptly Filled.

SCREEN DOORS AND WIRE CLOTH.

CHEAP WOOD.

Pine wood saved into stove-lengths and delivered for \$7 per cord. Cedar wood for \$7. All kinds saved and delivered.

Special attention given to Fancy Styles of Doors.

4-19 tf

J. C. WESTON,

DEALER IN FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY.

Parlor Sets, Bedsteads, Mattresses.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

MAKING AND REPAIRING

SPRING BEDS AND MATTRESSES.

A Specialty.

ALL WORK DONE ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

West Side of Virginia Street,

RENO, NEVADA.

2-27 tf

MORRIS ASH,

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO.

DEALER IN WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Kept constantly on hand.

Bear sold by the quart; bottle or glass. Cold lunches (American and German) to be had every day.

Large supply of the celebrated Milwaukee Beer always on hand.

Give me a call.

Accommodation Line.

STEAMER S. M. WHIPPLE

Leaves Sacramento

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS, AT 9 A. M., ARRIVING AT SAN FRANCISCO 7:30 P. M.

P. S.—Passengers from Reno, Carson and Virginia City, by Lightning Express, arrive in time to connect with Steamer Whipple at Sacramento.

Buy tickets by train only to Sacramento.

For freight or passage apply to CAPT. E. J. WEAVER, on board.

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MORRIS ASH

2-27 tf

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CHEEK REBUKED

BY REPUBLICAN VOTERS LAST NIGHT!

The Course of the Candidates Condemned.

What Solid Men and Voters Think.

A Large, Intelligent and Enthusiastic Meeting.

In Saturday's GAZETTE appeared a call for a meeting of citizens to be held on Monday night at the Academy of Music. The call was signed by a large proportion of the responsible business men of Reno. Consequently the Academy of Music was filled so full last evening that by a quarter to 8 o'clock there was only standing room left, and the greater part of that was occupied. The class of men of which the body of the attendance was made up showed that a genuine interest had been excited on the subject of the meeting. The GAZETTE reporter observed in a hasty glance or two over the hall during the evening, the following gentlemen, all manifestly absorbed in the proceeding: L. L. Crocket, J. S. Shoemaker, Wm. Duck, T. K. Hymers, Jas. H. Kinkead, Wm. P. Boardman, Chas. S. Varian, S. A. Mann, Wm. L. Ross Jr., A. J. Hatch, C. C. Powning, J. M. Hollarday, I. B. Marshall, B. F. Leete, C. A. Bragg, R. P. M. Kelly, H. H. Hogan, R. P. Chapin, P. B. Comstock, L. C. Batchelder, H. H. Beck, David Bole, J. S. Bowker, Jno. Bowman, Allen C. Bragg, L. S. Burchard, N. B. Kendall, A. Dawson, Frank Bell, J. L. McFarlin, Wm. Stopher, M. C. Lake, Orvis King, A. K. Lamb, C. A. Simmons, J. A. Weber, C. A. Richardson, T. V. Julien, A. B. Williams, G. H. Cunningham, Wm. H. Young, R. L. Fulton, Wm. Thompson, I. Chamberlain, G. H. Fogg, J. W. Boynton, W. H. Hall, James Thoms, John Cahalan, M. Nathan, H. W. Higgins, W. H. Getchell, C. R. Wickes.

The meeting was organized by the election to the chair of L. L. Crockett. William L. Ross, Sr., was chosen secretary.

MR. CROCKETT'S REMARKS.

Mr. Crockett upon mounting the platform made a few remarks, thanking his assembled fellow citizens for the honor they had conferred upon him and he then stated the object of the meeting, which, as he understood it, was to get an expression of opinion on the part of Republicans generally on the course of the candidates for county offices in selecting a list of delegates to the County Convention. He called upon those present for remarks.

B. F. LEETE

responded to this invitation and began by saying that he did not understand the object of the meeting to be to antagonize any good citizen or to express dissatisfaction that has been taken on the party, but to maintain the right of every American citizen to take part in the action of the party. The delegates to a nominating convention draw their power from the people. When delegates are met in convention they are bound, if they are honest men, to act according to their own judgment in their selection of candidates—remembering the interests of the party. Remembering the interests of the party, they must select the best men—the men who will serve the people best and are the best Republicans—Republicans who have been true to their party in all its ups and downs, and these delegates, if they be true men, will keep constantly in mind that they are responsible to none but the people. Mr. Leete did not think it necessary to enlarge upon this point. The fundamental doctrines of the American government are known to every school boy, and hence there should be no ignorance as to the fundamental principles of the Republican party. The doctrines of the Republican party are the same as those expressed in the Declaration of Independence. The gentleman wanted it understood that he was for harmony and not dissension. When rebellion in the ranks of the Republican party is talked of, Mr. Leete desired to say that he did not believe in the possibility of any such thing. When Republicans only are concerned, there can be no such thing as rebellion. No man who is in favor of equal rights can rebel against Republicanism. No man who is in favor of political freedom can rebel against the Republican party. It is no rebellion when honest men object to any course of action that is not in favor of good government. But when office-holders have been false to their duties and false to the confidence that has been reposed in them after they have been elected elected by Republican votes it is no rebellion to dare to express an opinion contrary to their idea of what they want. (Applause). The primaries will to-morrow be the battle-field of the party. Don't let us misapprehend the conditions of that fight. Every Republican, under the rules of political war as understood by our party, is entitled to run a ticket of his own if he feels so disposed. Mr. Leete felt no disposition to find fault with the action of any members of the Republican party, who, whether candidate or not, had chosen to nominate a County Convention. Certain gentlemen in the community had chosen a ticket. The gentlemen on that ticket are as good men and Republicans to choose to go forward irrespective of

the wishes of any one man, to choose candidates for office in a manner that will conduce to the good of the whole party. Mr. Leete continued in this strain for some minutes, urging the dissatisfied candidates and their friends to see the justice of his position—that the candidates had a perfect right to present a ticket, but that at the same time they should not expect that that ticket of twenty-one delegates nominated by twenty-one candidates should be taken as the expression of the will of the Republican voters of Washoe county. With this introduction Mr. Leete introduced the following resolutions, which he had got himself written, but only copied:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, As the sense of the Republican party of Reno precinct.

First—That the power and authority to nominate delegates to a convention lies in the citizens, members of the party in the district to be represented, and that it can be delegated by their consent only.

Second—That delegates in nominating conventions are bound to the citizens delegating them the power to act, and that in the exercise of that power they are bound to select and place in nomination those persons who, by their known capacity, discretion and integrity are best qualified to discharge the duties of the several offices to which they are nominated.

Third—That in the sense of this meeting the wishes of candidates is not binding upon the voters of this precinct. That it is the duty of every Republican voter in the interests of good government to disregard all dictation which springs from individual interests and cast his vote for the best men of his party, independently, intelligently and for the common good.

MAJOR MANN,

candidate for District Attorney, was very much pleased with the resolutions, as a member of the Republican party, and he, for one, hoped the resolutions would be adopted.

W. M. BOARDMAN

said that he endorsed the resolutions. He believed they represented the principle involved in a primary election and must be agreeable to those who desired to select delegates for any honest purpose. He was taking a personal interest in one branch of this fight. The delegates selected by the candidates were perfectly satisfactory to him. He might make a change if he had his way, but he didn't much expect to have his way in anything. The candidates' ticket represented the best citizens, and, Mr. Boardman believed, they would be elected—if the people didn't vote for somebody else, as they had a perfect right to do. Everybody has a right to vote as he pleases at the primaries to-morrow. Everybody should vote for the men he believed would carry out the principles of the Republican party. A good many things should be considered in making up one's mind how to vote to-morrow. The question of finance should be considered. No one in Washoe had forgotten that infamous bill known as the Bullion Compromise bill. Voters should see how delegates and their friends stood on that—consulting their record to ascertain. Mr. Boardman besought his hearers not to allow the heat of the county fight to cause them to forget and defeat the ends of the State Convention. Returning to the resolutions, Mr. Boardman thought all present could well afford to adopt them, as they embraced true Republican principles.

JUDGE MARSHALL.

Judge I. B. Marshall, in response to numerous calls, arose. In his opinion this election was among the most important since the organization of the State. Every Republican ought to lay aside self at this time. The country's welfare demanded a united party. The House of Representatives had fallen into the hands of those whom not long ago we were wont to consider rebels. The Judge still was inclined to consider them so. There was great danger that the Senate would also be captured by these same men. It is a time when Republicans, without regard to personal friendship, should remember only the interests of the party. The resolutions place all upon an independent, equal footing. The motion would stultify this meeting. The motion would pique the meeting to one set of men.

Mr. Duck moved that Mr. Hollarday's motion be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Hollarday wanted everybody to know that he had been a Republican all his life. He wanted to know who had called this meeting, anyway? Dr. Hogan said that he had signed the call for the meeting. He did it because he didn't think the ticket in question had been selected in the proper way. Every man under a Republican form of government has a right to have a say even if he doesn't have it.

The motion was upon a vote indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Leete informed the meeting that he wanted to read something for the benefit of everybody and the warning of a few whom he did not name. He read an extract or two from the laws of the State, showing the penalties that one would bring upon himself by spending \$500 and having fifty men at work to elect or defeat anybody, or in any other way using corrupt means to influence an election.

Chairman Crockett before putting the motion to adjourn, proposed three cheers for the Republican party. They were given with enthusiasm, and in a few minutes the hall was deserted, and the news flew about town that the respectable mass of Republican voters had quietly and politely sat down upon presumption.

The funeral of Pelig Brown will take place from the Methodist church at 1 P. M., to-morrow.

The pavilion is rising rapidly and before we know it will be finished and that big ball will come off.

WILLIAM DUCK

got up and, as Chairman of the Central Committee, explained the action of that body. He considered it, at the time, unusual, and had not liked it exactly, but the worst that could be said of the matter was that it had been a mistake in judgment. Mr. Duck endorsed the resolutions. His own name was on the candidate's ticket. He hadn't asked to be put there. If anyone had any objection to his being on the list he would

cheerfully resign. He believed in the unity of the Republican party.

There were loud demands for

C. S. VARIAN,

and that gentleman responded. He felt like expressing his views for a variety of reasons. He wanted to lift his voice in aid of the organization of the Republican party in Washoe county.

He wanted harmony in the family. The speaker had had eleven years' experience in the politics of this State, and he had never gone outside of the Republic in one step, and nothing went more to his heart than to have a doubt cast upon his Republicanism.

What he said, therefore, must be taken as the utterances of a Republican.

A number of candidates have put up a ticket—as they had a right to do.

Some of these names—as they have a right to have. Let us, having in view the good of the party, examine this act of the candidates and the ticket,

—as they had a right to do. Some of our citizens may have an objection to some of these names—as they have a right to have.

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